

SAFETY DATA SHEET

M48023 - ANSI - EN



WellCal™ 11.2 ppg Clear Brine Fluid

SDS No.: M48023

SDS Revision Date: 05-Sep-2017

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Company Identification:	Occidental Chemical Corporation 5005 LBJ Freeway P.O. Box 809050 Dallas, TX 75380-9050 1-800-752-5151
24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number:	1-800-733-3665 or 1-972-404-3228 (USA); CANUTEC (Canada): 1-613-996-6666; CHEMTREC (within USA and Canada): 1-800-424-9300; CHEMTREC (outside USA and Canada): +1 703-527-3887; CHEMTREC Contract No: CCN16186
To Request an SDS:	MSDS@oxy.com or 1-972-404-3245
Customer Service:	1-800-752-5151 or 1-972-404-3700
Product Identifier:	WellCal™ 11.2 ppg Clear Brine Fluid
Synonyms:	Calcium Dichloride; Calcium Chloride Aqueous Solution; Liquid Calcium Chloride; Calcium Chloride
Product Use:	Drilling Fluid Additive
Uses Advised Against:	None identified

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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OSHA REGULATORY STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

Color: Clear
Physical State: Liquid
Odor: Odorless

Signal Word: **WARNING**

MAJOR HEALTH HAZARDS: CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves.

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - SKIN:	Category 2 - Causes skin irritation
GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - EYE:	Category 2A - Causes serious eye irritation

GHS SYMBOL: Exclamation mark



GHS SIGNAL WORD: **WARNING**

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS:

GHS - Health Hazard Statement(s)

- Causes skin irritation
- Causes serious eye irritation

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Prevention

- Wash hands thoroughly after handling
- Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Response

- IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

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- If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
- Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Storage

- There are no Precautionary-Storage phrases assigned

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal

- There are no Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal phrases assigned

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

- May be harmful if swallowed

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Percent [%]	CAS Number
Water	64.6	7732-18-5
Calcium chloride	33.9	10043-52-4
Calcium bromide	<1	7789-41-5
Potassium Chloride	<1	7447-40-7
Sodium Chloride	<1	7647-14-5

Notes: Potassium chloride, sodium chloride, and calcium bromide are impurities from the naturally-occurring source material, brine solution.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: If inhalation of vapor, mist, or spray occurs and adverse effects result, move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

SKIN CONTACT: If on skin, wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. **SPECIFIC TREATMENT:** Wash with lots of water.

EYE CONTACT: If in eyes, immediately rinse eyes cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: If swallowed, rinse mouth. Contact a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects (Acute and Delayed):**Acute Symptoms/Effects:**

Inhalation (Breathing): Inhaling mist, spray, or vapor may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and

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throat).

Skin: Skin Irritation. Skin exposure may cause slight irritation, redness, itching, swelling. May cause more severe response if skin is damp, abraded (scratched or cut), or covered by clothing, gloves, or footwear. Prolonged contact may cause more severe symptoms. Damage is localized to contact areas.

Eye: Eye Irritation. Eye exposure may cause serious eye irritation and pain. May cause conjunctival swelling and cornea opacification from hypertonic solution.

Ingestion (Swallowing): Consumption of solids or hypertonic solutions causes nausea, vomiting, and increased thirst.

Delayed Symptoms/Effects:

- Chronic exposures to skin and mucus membranes that cause irritation may cause a chronic dermatitis or mucosal membrane problem

Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity: None known.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Any skin condition that disrupts the skin, such as abrasions, cuts, psoriasis, fungal infections, etc. Any eye condition that compromises tear production, conjunctiva, or normal corneal homeostasis.

Protection of First-Aiders: At minimum, treating personnel should utilize PPE sufficient for prevention of bloodborne pathogen transmission. If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Notes to Physician: Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Hazard: This material does not burn.

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire

Fire Fighting: Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. This material does not burn. Fight fire for other material that is burning. Water should be applied in large quantities as fine spray. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand mode. Wear protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride gas, calcium oxide

Lower Flammability Level (air): Not applicable

Upper Flammability Level (air): Not applicable

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Flash point: Not applicable

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not applicable

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard on some surfaces. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent large spills from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Small and large spills: Contain spilled material if possible. Absorb with materials such as sand. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Flush residue with plenty of water. See Section 13, Disposal considerations, for additional information.

Additional Disaster Prevention Measures:

No information available.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Protect from atmospheric moisture. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see below or Section 10 of the Safety Data Sheet).

Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid:

Avoid contact with: bromide trifluoride, 2-furan percarboxylic acid because calcium chloride is incompatible with those substances, Contact with zinc forms flammable hydrogen gas, which can be explosive, Catalyzes exothermic polymerization of methyl vinyl ether, May release flammable hydrogen gas, Reaction of bromide impurity with oxidizing materials may generate trace levels of impurities such as bromates

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

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Regulatory Exposure Limit(s): No occupational exposure limits have been established at this time.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit; OSHA: United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit; TWA: Time Weighted Average; STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

NON-REGULATORY EXPOSURE LIMIT(S):

• No occupational exposure limits have been established at this time.

- *The Non-Regulatory United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) limits, if shown, are the Vacated 1989 PEL's (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993).*

- The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) is a voluntary organization of professional industrial hygiene personnel in government or educational institutions in the United States. The ACGIH develops and publishes recommended occupational exposure limits each year called Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) for hundreds of chemicals, physical agents, and biological exposure indices.

Additional Advice:

1. Use good personal hygiene
2. Do not consume or store food in the work area
3. Wash hands and affected skin immediately after handling, before smoking or eating, before breaks, and at the end of the workday

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses with side-shields. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or a face-shield to protect against skin and eye contact when appropriate.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing. Wear appropriate clothing to avoid skin contact.

Hand Protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. If hands are cut or scratched, use gloves chemically resistant to this material even for brief exposures. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene, Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). **NOTICE:** The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) N95. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Liquid
Color:	Clear
Odor:	Odorless
Odor Threshold [ppm]:	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature:	Not applicable
Boiling Point/Range:	114 °C (237 °F)
Freezing Point/Range:	-8 °C (18 °F).
Melting Point/Range:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	11 mm Hg @ 25 °C (77 °F)
Vapor Density (air=1):	No data available
Relative Density/Specific Gravity (water=1):	1.356 @ 25 °C (77 °F)
Density:	11.2 lbs/gal @ 21°C (70 °F)
Bulk Density:	Not applicable
Water Solubility:	Completely miscible
pH:	9
Evaporation Rate (ether=1):	No data available
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not applicable
Flash point:	Not applicable
Lower Flammability Level (air):	Not applicable
Upper Flammability Level (air):	Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature:	Not applicable
Viscosity:	4.8 cp @ 25 °C
Hygroscopic:	Yes

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

Reactivity: Hygroscopic.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: No data available.

Conditions to Avoid: None known.

Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid: Avoid contact with: bromide trifluoride, 2-furan percarboxylic acid because calcium chloride is incompatible with those substances, Contact with zinc forms flammable hydrogen gas, which can be explosive, Catalyzes exothermic polymerization of methyl vinyl ether, May release flammable hydrogen gas, Reaction of bromide impurity with oxidizing materials may generate trace levels of impurities such as bromates.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride gas, calcium oxide

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY DATA:

PRODUCT TOXICITY DATA: WELLCAL™ 11.2 ppg CLEAR BRINE FLUID

LD50 Oral: 2589 mg/kg - Oral Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE)	LD50 Dermal: 6811 mg/kg - Dermal Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE)	LC50 Inhalation: No data is available
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COMPONENT TOXICITY DATA: The component toxicity data is populated by the LOLI database and may differ from the product toxicity data given

Component	LD50 Oral:	LD50 Dermal:	LC50 Inhalation:
Calcium chloride 10043-52-4	1000 mg/kg (Rat)	2630 mg/kg (Rat)	
Calcium bromide 7789-41-5	4100 mg/kg (Rat)		
Potassium Chloride 7447-40-7	2600 mg/kg (Rat)		

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

- Eye contact:** May cause serious eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury. Effects may be slow to heal.
- Skin contact:** Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation, even a burn. May cause more severe response if skin is damp, abraded (scratched or cut), or covered by clothing, gloves, or footwear. Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines.
- Inhalation:** Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties. Mist may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).
- Ingestion:** Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration.
- Chronic Effects:** Chronic exposures to calcium chloride that cause irritation may cause a chronic dermatitis or mucosal membrane problem. For the minor component(s):
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE: In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion: Gastrointestinal tract, heart, and kidney. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use. **SODIUM CHLORIDE:** Medical experience with sodium chloride has shown a strong association between elevated blood pressure and prolonged dietary overuse. Related effects could occur in the kidneys.

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SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Solution and or solids may be visible on the skin and or eyes. Localized redness, warmth, and irritation consistent with mechanism of injury: abrasion, burn, hypertonic solution.

Inhalation (Breathing): Inhaling mist, spray, or vapor may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

Skin: Skin Irritation. Skin exposure may cause slight irritation, redness, itching, swelling. May cause more severe response if skin is damp, abraded (scratched or cut), or covered by clothing, gloves, or footwear. Prolonged contact may cause more severe symptoms. Damage is localized to contact areas.

Eye: Eye Irritation. Eye exposure may cause serious eye irritation and pain. May cause conjunctival swelling and cornea opacification from hypertonic solution.

Ingestion (Swallowing): Consumption of solids or hypertonic solutions causes nausea, vomiting, and increased thirst.

Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity: None known.

GHS HEALTH HAZARDS:

GHS: ACUTE TOXICITY - ORAL: Category 5 - May be harmful if swallowed.

GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - EYE: Category 2A - Causes serious eye irritation

GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - SKIN: Category 2 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Absorbent / Dermal Route:

No.

MUTAGENIC DATA:

Not classified as a mutagen per GHS criteria. The data presented are for the following material: Calcium chloride (CaCl₂) - In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. The data presented are for the following material: Potassium chloride - In vitro genetic toxicity studies were positive. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown. For the minor component(s): Sodium chloride - In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

Not classified as a reproductive toxin per GHS criteria.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY:

Not classified as a developmental or reproductive toxin per GHS criteria. For the major component(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Not classified as an aspiration hazard per GHS criteria

METABOLISM:

Not available.

IMMUNOTOXICITY:

Not available.

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ENDOCRINE DISRUPTOR:

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

TOXICOKINETICS:

Not available.

NEUROTOXICITY:

Not Available.

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

- May be harmful if swallowed

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**ECOTOXICITY DATA:**

<u>Component</u>	<u>Freshwater Fish</u>	<u>Invertebrate Toxicity:</u>	<u>Algae Toxicity:</u>	<u>Other Toxicity:</u>
Calcium chloride	LC50, bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus): 8,350 - 10,650 mg/l	LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 759 - 3,005 mg/l	No data available	No data available
Potassium Chloride	LC50, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h: 4,236 mg/l	EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 24 h, immobilization: 590 mg/l - LC50, water flea Ceriodaphnia dubia, 96 h: 3,470 mg/l	2500 mg/L (72 h - Desmodesmus subspicatus)	No data available
Sodium Chloride	LC50, fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas): 10,610 mg/l	LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 4,571 mg/l	No data available	IC50, OECD 209 Test; activated sludge, respiration inhibition: > 1,000 mg/l

Aquatic Toxicity:

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested)

Invertebrate Toxicity:

Calcium Chloride: LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 759 - 3,005 mg/l
 Potassium Chloride: EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 24 h, immobilization: 590 mg/l
 LC50, water flea Ceriodaphnia dubia, 96 h: 3,470 mg/l
 Sodium Chloride: LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 4,571 mg/l

FATE AND TRANSPORT:

BIODEGRADATION: This material is inorganic and not subject to biodegradation.

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PERSISTENCE: Calcium chloride is believed not to persist in the environment because it is readily dissociated into calcium and chloride ions in water. Calcium chloride released into the environment is thus likely to be distributed into water in the form of calcium and chloride ions. Calcium ions may remain in soil by binding to soil particulate or by forming stable salts with other ions. Chloride ions are mobile and eventually drain into surface water. Both ions originally exist in nature, and their concentrations in surface water will depend on various factors, such as geological parameters, weathering, and human activities.

BIOCONCENTRATION: No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high water solubility. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: Calcium chloride and its dissociated forms (calcium and chloride ions) are ubiquitous in the environment. Calcium and chloride ions can also be found as constituents in organisms. Considering its dissociation properties, calcium chloride is not expected to accumulate in living organisms.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: Calcium chloride is not expected to be absorbed in soil due to its dissociation properties and high water solubility. It is expected to dissociate into calcium and chloride free ions or it may form stable inorganic or organic salts with other counter ions, leading to different fates between calcium and chloride ions in soil and water components. Calcium ions may bind to soil particulate or may form stable inorganic salts with sulfate and carbonate ions. The chloride ion is mobile in soil and eventually drains into surface water because it is readily dissolved in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from material:

Reuse or reprocess, if possible. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Report spills if applicable. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN SDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Landfill and waste water treatment system.

Container Management:

Dispose of container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. Container rinsate must be disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND TRANSPORT

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101:

Status: Not Regulated.

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* **NOTE:** This product is not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines.

CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS:

Status: Not Regulated.

MARITIME TRANSPORT (IMO / IMDG) Not regulated

Status - IMO / IMDG: Not Regulated

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**U.S. REGULATIONS****OSHA REGULATORY STATUS:**

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA SECTIONS 102a/103 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 302.4):

Not regulated.

SARA EHS Chemical (40 CFR 355.30)

Not regulated

EPCRA SECTIONS 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370.10):

Acute Health Hazard

SARA HAZARD CATEGORIES ALIGNED WITH GHS (2018):

Health Hazard - Skin Corrosive / Irritant

Health Hazard - Eye Corrosive / Irritant

EPCRA SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65):

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute

OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (PSM) (29 CFR 1910.119):

Not regulated

EPA'S CLEAN WATER AND CLEAN AIR ACTS:**NATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS**

Component	TSCA Inventory	TSCA 12(b)	TSCA - Section 4	TSCA - Section 5	TSCA - Section 6	TSCA - Section 8	TSCA - 8(a) PAIR	TSCA - 8(d) IUR	TSCA - 8(a) CAIR
10043-52-4	Listed								

U.S. INVENTORY STATUS: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): All components are listed or exempt.

TSCA 12(b): This product is not subject to export notification.

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Canadian Chemical Inventory: All components of this product are listed on either the DSL or the NDSL.

Component	DSL	NDSL
Calcium chloride 10043-52-4	Listed	Not Listed
Calcium bromide 7789-41-5	Listed	Not Listed
Potassium Chloride 7447-40-7	Listed	Not Listed
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5	Listed	Not Listed

STATE REGULATIONS**California Proposition 65:**

This product is not listed, but it may contain impurities/trace elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity as listed under Proposition 65 State Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act.

WARNING: This product (when used in aqueous formulations with a chemical oxidizer such as ozone) may react to form calcium bromate, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS

• This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations

Component	Canada - CEPA - Schedule I - List of Toxic Substances	Canada - NPRI	Canada - CEPA - 2010 Greenhouse Gases (GHG) Subject to Mandatory Reporting	Canadian Chemical Inventory:	NDSL:
Calcium chloride				Listed	
Calcium bromide				Listed	
Potassium Chloride				Listed	
Sodium Chloride				Listed	

WHMIS - Classifications of Substances:

• D2B - Poisonous and Infectious Material; Materials causing other toxic effects - Toxic material

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: OxyChem Corporate HESS - Product Stewardship

Rev. Date: 05-Sep-2017

Disclaimer:

We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

Reason for Revision:

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- New Product

IMPORTANT:

The information presented herein, while not guaranteed, was prepared by technical personnel and is true and accurate to the best of our knowledge. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR WARRANTY OR GUARANTY OF ANY OTHER KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE REGARDING PERFORMANCE, SAFETY, SUITABILITY, STABILITY OR OTHERWISE. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of use, handling, storage, disposal and other factors that may involve other or additional legal, environmental, safety or performance considerations, and Occidental Chemical Corporation assumes no liability whatsoever for the use of or reliance upon this information. While our technical personnel will be happy to respond to questions, safe handling and use of the product remains the responsibility of the customer. No suggestions for use are intended as, and nothing herein shall be construed as, a recommendation to infringe any existing patents or to violate any Federal, State, local or foreign laws.

OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that information be provided to employees regarding the hazards of chemicals by means of a hazard communication program including labeling, safety data sheets, training and access to written records. We request that you, and it is your legal duty to, make all information in this Safety Data Sheet available to your employees.

End of Safety Data Sheet